	Question 44 Question ID: 57bdf96a-fa2a-11e2-bd00-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Apply a problem-solving process to a problem.
	Report an Issue
	A disadvantage of adding a salad bar to a school lunch menu would be
	longer lines for food.
	a shorter lunch time. ner costs for students.
	lower food quality.
	Question 45 Question ID: cfa676d6-e32e-11e2-a937-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Describe the fundamental policy principles of Keynesian economics.  Report an Issue
	John Maynard Keynes developed new economic theories in response to the
ි Grea	stock market crash of 1929. at Depression of the 1930s.
	first and second world wars.
Sugar	economic boom of the 1950s.
	Ouestion 46

Question 46

Question ID: ee71c16a-e32e-11e2-b146-bc764e043e0c

Points Possible: 1

Objective: Examine the theories of Friedrich Hayek and Milton Friedman.

Report an Issue

	Hayek believed that the economy could be hard to measure because
	viduals have the power to make decisions and are unpredictable.
	individuals have the power to make decisions and are predictable.
	government has the power to make decisions and is unpredictable.
	government has the power to make decisions and is predictable.
	Question 47
	Question ID: c5e55166-e29e-11e2-9b08-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1
	Objective: Explain why government regulation is necessary in a mixed-market economy.
	Report an Issue
	When does government regulate producers in a mixed-market economy?
***	alvena
as r	always needed
8	as requested
***	never
	Overtire 40
	Question 48 Question ID: 026d7e2e-e29f-11e2-a1cf-bc764e043e0c
	Points Possible: 1 Objective: Explain how regulatory agencies uphold fair business practices.
	Report an Issue
	A regulatory agency that attempts to limit risk in the banking system is
0	
0	the FDA.
• the	the EPA.

	Question 49 Question ID: ad34d328-e292-11e2-9e9f-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Identify the goals of monetary policy.
	Report an Issue
	Why is the slow growth that can result from a contractionary policy a positive effect?
	It can increase interest rates.
	It can increase interest rates.  It can decrease available credit.
ca	It can decrease available credit.  It can increase the money supply.
ca	It can increase the money supply.  Question 50 Question 1D: f08a72d6-e292-11e2-a99e-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Describe the tools used by the Federal Reserve to influence the money supply.
ca	It can decrease available credit.  It can increase the money supply.  Question 50 Question ID: f08a72d6-e292-11e2-a99e-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Describe the tools used by the Federal Reserve to influence the money supply.  Report an Issue
ca	It can decrease available credit.  It can increase the money supply. In decrease inflation.  Question 50 Question ID: f08a72d6-e292-11e2-a99e-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Describe the tools used by the Federal Reserve to influence the money supply.  Report an Issue  The Fed may respond to a recession by  discouraging consumer borrowing.

	Question 51 Question ID: 99efadf8-e286-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1
	Objective: Identify the types of taxes collected by federal, state, and local governments.
	Report an Issue
	Corporate taxes are a type of
100	ome tax.
**	property tax.
~	sales tax.
	excise tax.
	Question 52 Question ID: decd34d6-e286-11e2-b282-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Analyze the effects of differing levels of taxation on the economy.  Report an Issue
	If expansionary taxation policies are left unchecked, which is the most likely result?
ે nigi	reduced profits in inflation
Ö	reduced production
	reduced disposable income
	Question 53 Question ID: 19803968-e27b-11e2-9959-bc764e043e0c
	Points Possible: 1 Objective: Identify the goals of government spending.
	Report an Issue

	vinen it spends money on education, a government is trying to
	find a way to meet a social need.
೧ me	encourage immediate economic growth. et a social need and improve the economy.
	find a way to spend budget surpluses.
	Question 54
	Question ID: 87bb4116-e27b-11e2-9131-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1
	Objective: Analyze how government budgets influence the economy.
	Report an Issue
	When the government injects manay into the accounty consumer man because in
	When the government injects money into the economy, consumers may have less purchasing power, which may lead to
N	higher unemployment. er production.
	higher production.
	increases in taxes.
	Question 55
	Question ID: 519cf1a6-e352-11e2-89bf-bc764e043e0c
	Points Possible: 1 Objective: Describe the characteristics of money.
	Report an Issue

Fiat money is stable and will not lose value during economic downturns.

Fiat money will maintain its value despite fluctuating exchange rates.

•	Governments know that fiat money derives its value from gold and silver.
	Question 56 Question ID: 52a259ba-e352-11e2-89bf-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1
	Objective: Describe the characteristics of money.  Report an Issue
	What is true of the M1 category of money?
	It is not usually in circulation.
6	It cannot be quickly exchanged. an be easily liquidated.
	It is in investment accounts.
	Question 57 Question ID: 38fe343a-e31f-11e2-91e0-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1
	Objective: Explain the causes and effects of inflation and stagflation.  Report an Issue
	Which is the <b>best</b> definition of hyperinflation?
	a gradual decrease in the price of goods and services
	a gradual increase in the price of goods and services
	an exponential decrease in the price of goods and services
	exponential increase in the price of goods and services

	Question 58 Question ID: 39b9de38-e31f-11e2-801a-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Analyze historical examples of inflation and stagflation.	
	Report an Issue	
con	Demand-pull inflation occurs when the price of goods rises suddenly and extremely fast. sumers begin purchasing more goods.	
£	producers need more money to make and distribute goods.	
San-	the government prints more money and pushes prices up.	
	Question 59 Question ID: 58ee4e56-e275-11e2-9442-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Compare the four stages of the business cycle.  Report an Issue	
	An extended recessionary period is indicative of	
	epression.	
en.	the start of a depression.	
	a growing recession.	
	the end of a recession.	
	Question 60 Question ID: 5a58ba74-e275-11e2-b282-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Examine factors that influence the business cycle.	
	Report an Issue	

	What do the indicators used by economists reveal?
	nges in production and demand
	changes in employment levels
	changes in prices
	changes in the health of an economy
	Question 61 Question ID: 998f16ac-e266-11e2-ba20-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Explain how gross domestic product can be used to analyze economic growth.  Report an Issue
ි any ි	Economists use changes in GDP to measure  the balance of trade with other countries. economic growth or shrinkage. the causes of unemployment. the distances between cities.
	Question 62 Question ID: b7534fbe-e266-11e2-b302-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Explain how gross domestic product can be used to analyze economic growth.  Report an Issue
	Which are indicators that economists use to measure how an economy grows? Select all that apply.
	monitoring election results
•me	asuring how much the economy produces
1	monitoring the popularity of different music groups

<	ing the unemployment rate
	Question 63
	Question ID: 8915d96a-e25b-11e2-8fe8-bc764e043e0c
	Objective: Describe the concepts that shape macroeconomics.
F	teport an Issue
-	
C	cross domestic product (GDP) is the value of goods and services produced in a country annually.
lt	can best be described as measuring an economy's
t	otal product.
to	otal demand.
to	
to	otal demand.
to	otal demand.
to	otal demand.
to to	otal demand.  otal input.  output.
to to	otal demand.  otal input.  output.  uestion 64
to to loo	uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c pital input.
to to loo	uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c
to to lo	uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c pital input.
to to lo	otal input.  output.  uestion 64  uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c  oints Possible: 1  bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.
to to lo	otal input.  output.  uestion 64  uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c  oints Possible: 1  bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.
to to QQPO	otal input.  output.  uestion 64  uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c  oints Possible: 1  bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.
to to loo	otal demand.  otal input.  output.  uestion 64 uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c oints Possible: 1 bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.  eport an Issue
to to lo	otal demand.  otal input. output.  uestion 64 uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c oints Possible: 1 bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.  eport an Issue  ggregate supply is best described as the utput of a product.
to to lo	otal demand.  otal input.  output.  uestion 64 uestion ID: 8a2859d6-e25b-11e2-b2f0-bc764e043e0c oints Possible: 1 bjective: Explain how macroeconomics studies demand and supply in the aggregate.  eport an Issue

	Question 65 Question ID: ba815f4a-e03c-11e2-b3ca-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Explain how oligopolies function.  Report an Issue
	Which best describes how advertising influences consumer choice in an oligopoly?
Č	Advertising coaxes people to buy new products.
	Advertising alerts consumers to price reductions.
ি Adv	Advertising undermines competition. vertising informs brand knowledge.
	Question 66 Question ID: f4f49afc-e03c-11e2-bbcb-bc764e043e0c Points Possible: 1 Objective: Explain how oligopolies function.  Report an Issue
	Which of these practices describe how producers in oligopolies generally try to create competition?  Check all that apply.
$\square$	by keeping prices low
by	offering promotions
by	advertising
by	cultivating brand loyalty
	by overcoming barriers to entry
by	developing a specific image